



SAFETY DATA SHEET

LITHIUM ALUMINIUM ALLOY

1. Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking:

- 1.1 **Product Identifier:** Lithium Aluminium Alloy
- 1.1.1 **Substances** Not applicable
- 1.1.2 **Mixture name:** Lithium Aluminium Alloy
- Alternate names and trade name** Lectro® Max 120 Anode Material, Lectro® Max 410 Anode Material
- 1.2 **Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against:**
Formulation and chemical synthesis in industrial manufacturing operations;
Additive for preparations and articles for industrial and consumer use;
Component in lithium batteries.
Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3 **Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet**

North America

FMC Corporation
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Charlotte, NC 28208
Phone: +1.704.426.5300
Fax: +1.704.426.5370
1.888.lithium

Europe

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Commercial Road
Bromborough, Merseyside
CH62 3NL, England
Phone: +44.151. 334.8085
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Asia Pacific

FMC Asia Innovation Center
No 3 Building No. 4560
Jinke Road
Shanghai, China 201203
T: +86.21.2067.5888

Email: lithium.info@fmc.com

Web: www.fmclithium.com

1.4 **Emergency Telephone Number:**

North America

CHEMTREC: +1.800.424.9300
+1.703.527.3887
Plant: +1.704.629.5361
Medical: +1.303.595.9048

Europe

24 hr Specialist advice number:
CHEMTREC: +44 870 8200418

Asia Pacific

Phone: +86.21.2067.5888

2. Hazards Identification

2.1 **Classification of the Substance or mixture:**

2.1.1 GHS Classification [EC Regulation No 1272/2008 and US OSHA regulations]

Water-reactive, Category 1
Corrosive to skin, Category 1B
Eye damage; Category 1

2.2.2 EC: Classification according to 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC [DSD/DPD]

F, R14/15; C, R34

2.2 **Label Elements:**

2.2.3 Hazard Pictograms(s):



2.2.4 Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously H260
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H314

Precautionary Statement(s):

Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire. P223

Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture. P231 + P232
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280
 In case of fire: Use graphite, copper powder, Lith-X (Ansul) for extinction. P370 + P378
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. P303 + P361 +
 Rinse skin with water/shower. P353
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact P305 + P351 +
 lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P338
 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P301 + P330 +
 P331
 P310
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Additional Precautionary Statement(s):
 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P260
 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P264
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position P304 + P340
 comfortable for breathing.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P363
 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. P402 + P404
 Store locked up. P405
 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant. P501

2.3 Other Hazards
 Reacts violently with water EUH014

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures

3.1.1 GHS Classification [EC: Regulation No 1272/2008; US: OSHA regulations]

Chemical Name	CAS #	EC No	EC Index No	REACH Reg No	Wt. %	Classification, Hazard Statement Codes
lithium	7439-93-2	231-102-5	003-001-00-4	01-2119966143-38-0000	96-100	Water-react. 1 Skin Corr. 1B H260 H314 EUH014
aluminium	7429-90-5	231-072-3	none	none	0-4	none

3.1.2 EC: Classification according to 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC [DSD/DPD]

Chemical Name	CAS #	EC No	Wt. %	Symbols	R-phrases
lithium	7439-93-2	231-102-5	70-95	F C	R15 R14 R34
aluminium	7429-90-5	231-072-3	0-4	none	

(see Section 16 for R-phrase text)

4. First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

EYES: Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting the upper and lower eyelids intermittently. See a medical doctor or ophthalmologist immediately.

SKIN: Quickly wipe off as much as possible, then immediately flush with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and/or shoes. Thoroughly wash with soap and water. Obtain immediate medical attention. Contact a medical doctor if necessary.

INGESTION: Quickly wipe material from the mouth and rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. See a medical doctor immediately.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulty or discomfort occurs and persists, see a medical doctor. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration and see a medical doctor immediately.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Lithium aluminium alloy reacts violently with water and is corrosive to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Treatment should first remove as much of the material as possible as quickly as possible, then flush with very large quantities of water.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Notes to medical doctor:

This product is corrosive and reacts violently with water. Treatment should first remove as much of the material as possible as quickly as possible, then flush with very large quantities of water. Ingestion presents a singular problem as emesis may produce esophageal damage and/or aspiration damage; dilution with water or other water-containing materials may produce a reaction that exacerbates the corrosive activity. Consideration may be given to gastric lavage with a large diameter tube for removal of material and then dilution with large amounts of water. Esophagoscopy may be of assistance in this procedure and to assess extent of damage. Treatment is otherwise symptomatic and supportive.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media** DO NOT USE WATER, SAND OR CARBON DIOXIDE. Use graphite, copper powder, Lith-X (Ansul). If not available, dry sodium chloride, dry (anhydrous) calcium oxide or dry lithium chloride can be used.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
- | | |
|---|---|
| <u>Hazardous combustion products</u> | Lithium and aluminium oxide, lithium and aluminium hydroxides |
| <u>General Hazard</u> | Flammable solid. Water reactive. |
| <u>Properties contributing to Flammability</u> | Water reactivity of solid and flammable hydrogen gas given off on reaction with moisture. |
| <u>Flashpoint</u> | Not applicable |
| <u>Flammable limits in air</u> | Not applicable |
| <u>Auto ignition temperature</u> | At temperatures above the melting point (180.5°C) lithium metal can catch fire spontaneously on contact with air. |
| <u>Sensitivity to static discharge</u> | Not applicable |
| <u>Sensitivity to static impact</u> | Not applicable |
- 5.3 Advice for fire-fighters**
- Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) approved for fire fighting. This is necessary to protect against the hazards of heat, products of combustion and oxygen deficiency. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated.
- Lithium fires can throw off molten lithium metal particles. Burning lithium releases corrosive lithium oxide dust and fumes. Lithium metal can reignite after fire is initially extinguished. Never leave extinguished fire unattended. After all material has apparently burned and cooled, carefully turn over remaining residue and be prepared to reextinguish should reaction occur. Carefully place residue in steel drum, using a long-handled shovel, and cover with extinguishing media.
- For additional fire fighting information, see National Fire Protection Assn. Standard NFPA 485.

COMMENTS:

(See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity)

6. Accidental Release Measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Before cleanup measures begin, review the entire SDS with particular attention to Section 2, Hazards Identification; and Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions**
Do not wash into drains. Dispose of at a qualified waste disposal facility.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
Remove all sources of ignition. To prevent ignition, cover with mineral oil (or kerosene), soaking thoroughly, and place in oiled steel drums which are approved for transport. Keep water and moisture away from spilled material. Dispose of waste according to local and Federal laws and regulations.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections**
Before cleanup measures begin, review the entire SDS with particular attention to Section 2, Hazards Identification; and Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.
- 6.5 Additional information**
Not specified.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear safety glasses or goggles and dry rubber gloves. Where relative humidity is maintained below 50%, or lithium aluminium alloy surface is coated with mineral oil, pieces can be handled in open atmosphere at room temperature. To maintain best quality, humidity levels of less than 2% are recommended.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original unopened shipping container. Once opened, store in argon atmosphere or mineral oil. Keep away from water, humid air, acids and oxidizing materials. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Defined in Exposure scenarios. Industrial and professional use only

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Lithium metal

DNEL

Long-term exposure, systemic, inhalation 4.2 mg/m³
 Long-term exposure, systemic, dermal 12 mg/kg/day

PNEC

PNEC aqua (freshwater) 0.165 mg/l
 PNEC aqua (freshwater, intermittent) 1.65 mg/l
 PNEC STP 23 mg/l

EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical Name	EU		EH40 (UK WEL)		USA (ACGIH)		USA (OSHA)	
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL/Ceiling	PEL	STEL/Ceiling
lithium	none*		none*		none*		none*	

* No occupational exposure limit value

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls:

Use local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

Eyes and Face: Safety glasses or goggles for general use. Full flame-resistant face shield required if metal is in a molten state.

Respiratory: None

Protective Clothing: **Eyes:** Safety glasses or goggles for general use. Full flame-resistant face shield required if metal is in a molten state.

Gloves: Dry rubber gloves for general use. Wear full flame-resistant clothing if the metal is handled or used in a molten state.

Other: Quick-drench eyewash and safety shower.

Work Hygienic Practices: Quick-drench eyewash and safety shower.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Silvery-white soft metal solid
Odor: Odorless
Odor threshold: Not applicable
pH: Reaction with water creates a highly alkaline solution pH>12
Melting point: For Li metal: 180.5°C
Boiling point: For Lithium metal: 1317°C
Flash point: Not applicable
Evaporation rate(butyl acetate = 1): Not applicable
Flammability: Reacts with water to produce hydrogen, a flammable gas.
Flammable limits: Not applicable
Vapor pressure: Not applicable
Vapor density (air = 1): Not applicable

<u>Specific gravity:</u>	0.61 g/cc (4% Al, 96% Li), 0.5 g/cc (Li)
<u>Solubility in water:</u>	Reacts violently with water
<u>Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water:</u>	Not applicable
<u>Autoignition temperature:</u>	At temperatures above the melting point (180.5°C) lithium metal can catch fire spontaneously on contact with air.
<u>Decomposition temperature:</u>	Not available
<u>Viscosity:</u>	Not available
<u>Explosive properties:</u>	Not explosive
<u>Oxidizing properties:</u>	Not an oxidizer
9.2 <u>Other information</u>	
<u>Self-reactive properties</u>	Does not meet classification criteria.
<u>Pyrophoric properties</u>	Under normal working conditions, does not meet classification criteria.
<u>Self-heating properties</u>	Does not meet classification criteria.
<u>Water reactive properties</u>	Water-reactive, Category 1
<u>Corrosive to metals</u>	Does not meet classification criteria.
<u>Molecular weight:</u>	6.94 (Li) 26.98 (Al)

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1 <u>Reactivity</u>	Reacts violently with water, producing flammable hydrogen gas.
10.2 <u>Chemical stability</u>	Stable when kept dry and under inert gas.
10.3 <u>Possibility of hazardous reaction</u>	Reacts violently with water, producing flammable hydrogen gas. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
10.4 <u>Conditions to avoid</u>	Temperatures above the melting point (for Li, 180.5°C/357°F), and contact with water, moisture or humid air.
10.5 <u>Incompatible materials</u>	Acids, oxidizers, oxygen, nitrogen, or carbon dioxide
10.6 <u>Hazardous decomposition products</u>	Lithium is an element and does not decompose. However, it is highly reactive in contact with many other substances, releasing large quantities of heat and/or hazardous products. It can react violently with water, the humidity in air, and the moisture in other substances, releasing hydrogen gas, which may catch fire explosively. Corrosive fumes of lithium oxide and/or lithium hydroxide are also released.

11. Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

(a) acute toxicity	Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
(b) skin corrosion/irritation	Classified as corrosive to skin on the basis of lithium.
(c) serious eye damage/irritation	Classified as corrosive to eyes on the basis of lithium.
(d) respiratory/skin sensitisation	Classed as not sensitizing to skin on the basis of lithium .
(e) germ cell mutagenicity	Classified as not mutagenic based on lithium.
(f) carcinogenicity	Classified as not carcinogenic based on lithium.
(g) reproductive toxicity	Classified as not a reproductive toxin based on lithium.
(h) STOT-single exposure	Classified as not causing organ damage based on lithium.
(i) STOT-repeated exposure	Classified as not causing organ damage on repeat exposure based on lithium.
(j) aspiration hazard	Lithium aluminium alloy, a solid, does not present an aspiration hazard.

Lithium has been extensively tested for REACH registration

Acute Effects From Overexposure:

This product is extremely reactive with body moisture and is corrosive to skin, nose, throat, stomach and eyes (may cause blindness).

Chronic Effects From Overexposure:

No data available for product.

Carcinogenicity Listings

EH40: Not listed.
IARC: Not listed.
NTP: Not listed.
OSHA: Not considered a carcinogen under OSHA.
ACGIH: Not listed.

12. Ecological Information

- 12.1 **Toxicity**: No classification.
Lithium
Fish, short-term, freshwater: LC50 = 18 mg/L
Fish, long-term, freshwater: NOEC = 2.87 mg/L
Daphnia magna, short-term, freshwater: EC50 = 10 mg/L with pH-adjustment
Daphnia magna, long-term, freshwater: NOEC = 1.7 mg/L
Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata), long-term, freshwater: ErC50 = 25.6 mg/L
- 12.2 **Persistence and degradability**
Not applicable for metal.
Material reacts slowly with air in the environment to form lithium and magnesium hydroxides, lithium and magnesium carbonates and nitrides.
- 12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential**
Not accumulative
- 12.4 **Mobility in soil**
No data available for the product.
- 12.5 **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**
Not applicable for metal.
- 12.6 **Other adverse effects**
Lithium aluminium alloy reacts violently with water. The hydrolysis products consist of hydrogen gas and lithium hydroxide. The hydroxide ion may affect the pH of the water.

13. Disposal Considerations

- 13.1 **Waste treatment methods**
Waste containing lithium aluminium alloy is considered a reactive waste. Disposal facilities specializing in the handling of reactive waste are recommended. Dispose of waste according to local and Federal laws and regulations.

14. Transport Information

- 14.1 **UN Number** UN1415
- 14.2 **UN proper shipping name (IMDG, ICAO, ADR, DOT)** Lithium, mixture
- 14.3 **Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG, ICAO, ADR, DOT)** 4.3, Dangerous when wet
- 14.4 **Packing group (IMDG, ICAO, ADR, DOT)** Dangerous when wet
- 14.5 **Environmental hazards** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- 14.6 **Special precautions for user** None
- 14.7 **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

15. Regulatory Information

- 15.1 **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance [or mixture]**

EUROPEAN UNION:

German Wassergefährdungsklasse (water hazard class)

lithium	2
aluminium	not available

UNITED STATES:

Section 311 Hazard Category (40 CFR 370):
Section 313 Reportable Ingredients (40 CFR 372):

Reactive, fire hazard, immediate (acute) health hazard.
This product does not contain a toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986.
Not listed

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355):
CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4):

Not listed

TSCA Sec 12b Export Notification:

This product is not subject to TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification Requirements.

NFPA Rating:

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 2 Special: ~~W~~

INTERNATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS:

<u>Inventory/Country</u>	<u>Product Status</u>
EINECS (EU)	Listed
TSCA (US)	Listed
ECL (Korea)	Listed
DSL (Canada)	Listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been completed for lithium metal.

16. Other Information

European Union:

R Phrases:

R14/15 Reacts violently with water, liberating extremely flammable gases
R34 Causes burns

List of Abbreviations used in this SDS:

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
PEC Predicted environmental concentration
PNEC Predicted no effect concentration
DNEL Derived no effect level

Specific uses identified for Exposure Scenarios for lithium metal:

ES1 Industrial use organolithium production and pharma synthesis
ES2 Industrial use, battery foils
ES3 Industrial use Li/Al alloys
ES4 Professional laboratory use

REVISION SUMMARY:

Revision # 0. New SDS.

This SDS has been prepared to meet U. S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard requirements.
type 5a

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